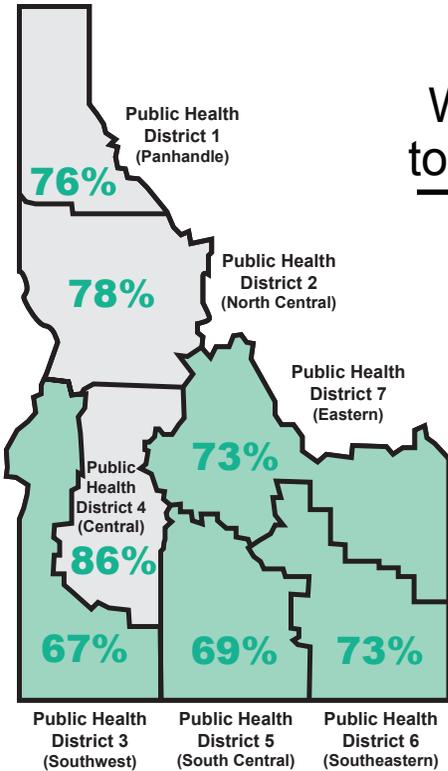


IDAHO Cervical CANCER 2016

Cervical cancer is **preventable** through screening.

Idaho Goal: 93% screening rate by 2020

Screening 2014



Women that are up to date on screening.

Idaho 76%	U.S. 82%
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Public Health Districts 3, 5, 6 and 7 have lower screening rates than the state overall

Idaho ranks **51st** in the nation for screening

40 new cases of cervical cancer in 2013

17 deaths from cervical cancer in 2014

65% of Idaho women will survive at least 5 years after diagnosis

Screening Guidelines

Women age 21-29: Pap Test every 3 years
 Women age 30-65: Pap Test every 3 years or Pap and HPV testing every 5 years

Idaho Resources

Women's Health Check provides breast and cervical screening for low-income, uninsured women.

Visit: womenshealthcheck.dhw.idaho.gov for more information and eligibility criteria.



Take Action

- Know and use screening guidelines
- Refer patients to screening services
- Implement provider and patient reminders to keep patients up to date on screening
- Promote HPV vaccination
- Identify system change improvements to streamline screening processes



Incidence 2013

Public Health Districts 2, 3 and 5 have higher incidence rates.

Pap tests can detect precancerous lesions that can be treated and cured before they develop into cancer. With appropriate screening, women avoid a cancer diagnosis.

Mortality 2014

Idaho cervical cancer mortality rate is 2.0 per 100,000 women.

For more information and sources visit: www.cancer.dhw.idaho.gov or www.ccaidaho.org

