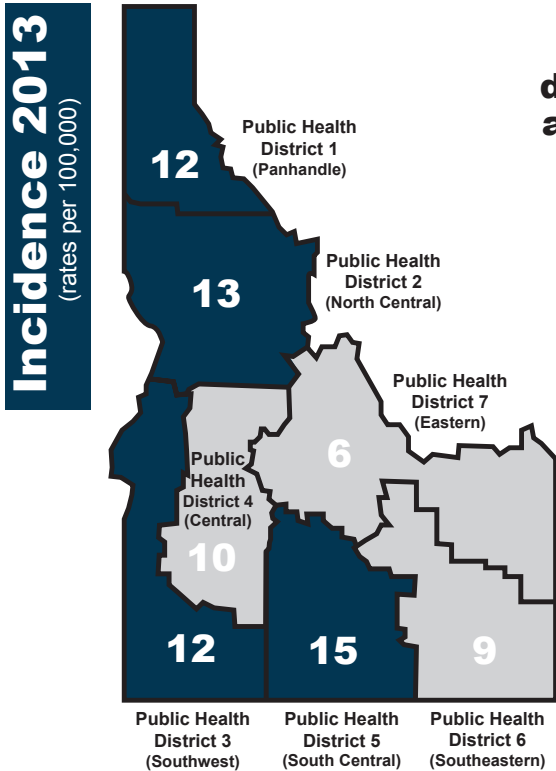


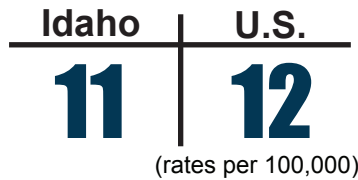
IDAHO HPV Associated CANCER 2016

Most Human Papillomavirus (HPV) associated cancers can be **prevented with vaccination**. Nearly all adults will be exposed to HPV in their lifetime. Most will never know they have been infected.

HPV Associated Cancers

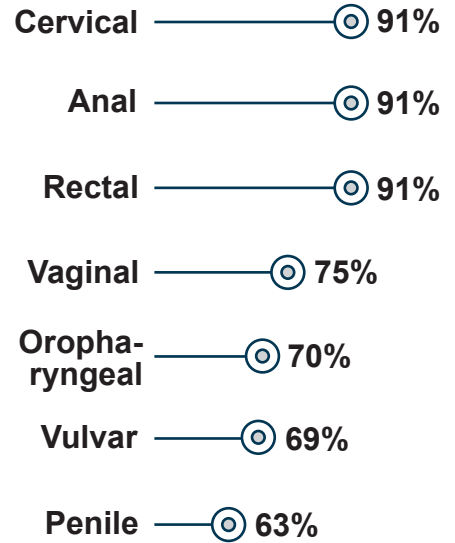


Rate of adults diagnosed with HPV associated cancers



Public Health Districts 1, 2, 3 & 5 have higher incidence rates than the state overall.

Percentage of HPV-Associated Cancers Attributable to HPV by site



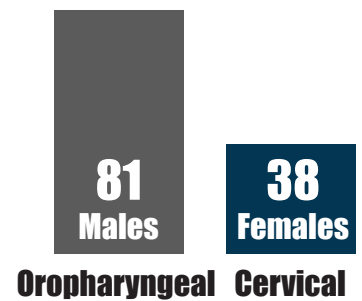
In Idaho, there were more males diagnosed with HPV associated oropharyngeal cancer than females diagnosed with HPV associated cervical cancer in 2013.

Call to Action

- Provide or refer patients to complete HPV vaccination series, both males and females
- Recommend HPV vaccine along with other immunizations, not as a separate recommendation
- Frame HPV vaccination as a cancer prevention strategy
- Implement patient reminder systems to encourage series completion

Vaccination Schedule Recommendation

The Advisory Committee for Immunization Practices (ACIP) recommends routine vaccination at **age 11 or 12** for **both females and males**. The vaccination series can be started beginning at age 9 years and go through age 26 for females and age 21 for males.



Idaho Resources

Idaho Immunization Program
Provides free vaccine to participating medical providers for patients age 0 to 18 through the Vaccines for Children program. For more information, contact iip@dhw.idaho.gov.

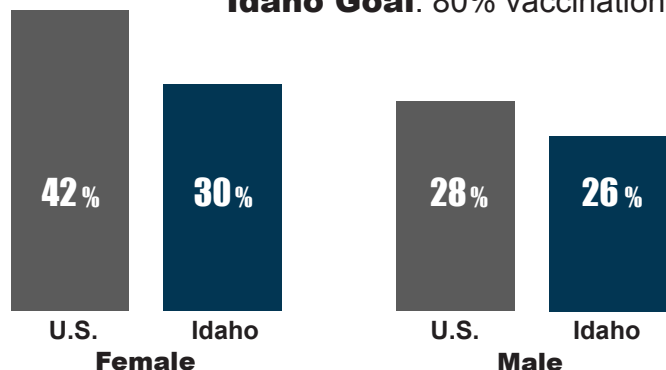


Statewide initiative to increase HPV vaccination rates. Visit hpvfreeid.org for more information.

HPV Vaccination Rates 2015

Percentage of adolescents (age 13-17) who completed the ACIP recommended series of the HPV vaccine.

Idaho Goal: 80% vaccination by 2020



For more information and sources visit: www.cancer.dhw.idaho.gov or www.ccaidaho.org

