March 15, 2018

Chase Gunderson, Administrator
Meadow View Nursing and Rehabilitation
46 North Midland Boulevard
Nampa, ID 83651

Provider #: 135076

RE: FACILITY FIRE SAFETY & CONSTRUCTION SURVEY REPORT COVER LETTER

Dear Mr. Gunderson:

On March 5, 2018, a Facility Fire Safety and Construction survey was conducted at Meadow View Nursing and Rehabilitation by the Department of Health & Welfare, Bureau of Facility Standards to determine if your facility was in compliance with State Licensure and Federal participation requirements for nursing homes participating in the Medicare and/or Medicaid programs. This survey found that your facility was not in substantial compliance with Medicare and Medicaid program participation requirements. This survey found the most serious deficiency to be a widespread deficiency that constitutes no actual harm with potential for more than minimal harm that is not immediate jeopardy, as documented on the enclosed CMS-2567, whereby significant corrections are required.

Enclosed is a Statement of Deficiencies and Plan of Correction, Form CMS-2567, listing Medicare and/or Medicaid deficiencies. If applicable, a similar State Form will be provided listing licensure health deficiencies. In the spaces provided on the right side of each sheet, answer each deficiency and state the date when each will be completed. Please provide ONLY ONE completion date for each federal and state tag in column (X5) Completion Date to signify when
you allege that each tag will be back in compliance. **NOTE:** The alleged compliance date must be after the "Date Survey Completed" (located in field X3) and on or before the "Opportunity to Correct" (listed on page 2). After each deficiency has been answered and dated, the administrator should sign the Statement of Deficiencies and Plan of Correction, CMS-2567 Form in the spaces provided and return the originals to this office. If a State Form with deficiencies was issued, it should be signed, dated and returned along with the CMS-2567 Form.

Your Plan of Correction (PoC) for the deficiencies must be submitted by **March 28, 2018.** Failure to submit an acceptable PoC by **March 28, 2018,** may result in the imposition of civil monetary penalties by **April 17, 2018.**

Your PoC must contain the following:

- What corrective action(s) will be accomplished for those residents found to have been affected by the deficient practice;

- How you will identify other residents having the potential to be affected by the same deficient practice and what corrective action(s) will be taken;

- What measures will be put into place or what systemic changes you will make to ensure that the deficient practice does not recur;

- How the corrective action(s) will be monitored to ensure the deficient practice will not recur, i.e., what quality assurance program will be put into place; and,

- Include dates when corrective action will be completed.

- The administrator must sign and date the first page of both the federal survey report, Form CMS-2567. If a State Form was issued as well, it should also be signed, dated and returned.

All references to federal regulatory requirements contained in this letter are found in Title 42, Code of Federal Regulations.

Remedies may be recommended for imposition by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) if your facility has failed to achieve substantial compliance by **April 9, 2018,** (Opportunity to Correct). Informal dispute resolution of the cited deficiencies will not delay the imposition of the enforcement actions recommended (or revised, as appropriate) on **April 9, 2018.** A change in the seriousness of the deficiencies on **April 9, 2018,** may result in a change in the remedy.
The remedy, which will be recommended if substantial compliance has not been achieved by April 9, 2018, includes the following:

Denial of payment for new admissions effective June 5, 2018.  
42 CFR §488.417(a)

If you do not achieve substantial compliance within three (3) months after the last day of the survey identifying noncompliance, the CMS Regional Office and/or State Medicaid Agency must deny payments for new admissions.

We must recommend to the CMS Regional Office and/or State Medicaid Agency that your provider agreement be terminated on September 5, 2018, if substantial compliance is not achieved by that time.

Please note that this notice does not constitute formal notice of imposition of alternative remedies or termination of your provider agreement. Should the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services determine that termination or any other remedy is warranted, it will provide you with a separate formal notification of that determination.

If you believe these deficiencies have been corrected, you may contact Nate Elkins, Supervisor, Facility Fire Safety and Construction, Bureau of Facility Standards, 3232 Elder Street, PO Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0009, Phone #: (208) 334-6626, option 3; Fax #: (208) 364-1888, with your written credible allegation of compliance. If you choose and so indicate, the PoC may constitute your allegation of compliance. We may accept the written allegation of compliance and presume compliance until substantiated by a revisit or other means. In such a case, neither the CMS Regional Office nor the State Medicaid Agency will impose the previously recommended remedy, if appropriate.

If, upon the subsequent revisit, your facility has not achieved substantial compliance, we will recommend that the remedies previously mentioned in this letter be imposed by the CMS Regional Office or the State Medicaid Agency beginning on March 5, 2018, and continue until substantial compliance is achieved. Additionally, the CMS Regional Office or State Medicaid Agency may impose a revised remedy(ies), based on changes in the seriousness of the non-compliance at the time of the revisit, if appropriate.

In accordance with 42 CFR §488.331, you have one opportunity to question cited deficiencies through an informal dispute resolution process. To be given such an opportunity, you are required to send your written request and all required information as directed in Informational Letter #2001-10. Informational Letter #2001-10 can also be found on the Internet at:

Go to the middle of the page to Information Letters section and click on State and select the following:

BFS Letters (06/30/11)
2001-10 Long Term Care Informal Dispute Resolution Process
2001-10 IDR Request Form

This request must be received by March 28, 2018. If your request for informal dispute resolution is received after March 28, 2018, the request will not be granted. An incomplete informal dispute resolution process will not delay the effective date of any enforcement action.

Thank you for the courtesies extended to us during the survey. If you have any questions, please contact us at (208) 334-6626, option 3.

Sincerely,

Nate Elkins, Supervisor
Facility Fire Safety and Construction

NE/lj
Enclosures
The facility is a single story fully sprinklered structure of Type V (111) construction built in 1964. There is a partial basement area that houses the boiler room, maintenance shop and storage areas. The building is equipped with a fire alarm/smoke detection system installed in 1999. Some parts of the automatic sprinkler system were retrofitted in 1964 with subsequent additions to the system and some ordinary head replacement to quick response in 2009. An addition/remodel was completed in 2000 and a refurbish was completed in 2002. The facility is currently licensed for 112 SNF/NF beds, and had a census of 86 on the date of the survey.

The following deficiencies were cited during the annual fire/life safety survey conducted on March 5, 2018. The facility was surveyed under the LIFE SAFETY CODE 2012 Edition, Chapter 19, Existing Healthcare Occupancies, in accordance with 42 CFR 483.70, 42 CFR 483.80 and 42 CFR 483.65.

The survey was conducted by:

Linda Chaney
Health Facility Surveyor
Facility Fire Safety and Construction

Corrective Actions:

All kitchen locks replaced with a single operational locks.

No residents were affected. All facility locks checked to ensure all are single operational throughout the facility.

Maintenance director will check all facility locks semi-annually to ensure all are single operational.

This Plan of Correction is prepared and submitted as required by law. By submitting this Plan of Correction, Meadow View Nursing and Rehabilitation does not admit that the deficiency listed on this form exist, nor does the Center admit to any statements, findings, facts, or conclusions that form the basis for the alleged deficiency. The Center reserves the right to challenge in legal and/or regulatory or administrative proceedings the deficiency, statements, facts, and conclusions that form the basis for the deficiency.

Corrective Actions:

All kitchen locks replaced with a single operational locks.

No residents were affected. All facility locks checked to ensure all are single operational throughout the facility.

Maintenance director will check all facility locks semi-annually to ensure all are single operational.
K 211 Continued From page 1
18/19.2.2 through 18/19.2.11.
18.2.1, 19.2.1, 7.1.10.1
This REQUIREMENT is not met as evidenced by:
Based on observation, operational testing and interview, the facility failed to ensure means of egress were provided to be readily opened from the egress side in accordance with NFPA 101. Failure to maintain means of egress for full, instant use, could hinder the safe evacuation of the kitchen during an emergency. This deficient practice affected staff and visitors utilizing the kitchen on the date of the survey.

Findings include:
During the facility tour conducted on March 5, 2018, from approximately 1:30 PM to 3:30 PM, observation revealed four staff members in the kitchen and all three exits from the kitchen were non-single operational, with deadbolts installed. When asked, the Maintenance Supervisor stated the facility was unaware the exits from the kitchen were required to be single operational.

Actual NFPA standard:

NFPA 101
19.2.2.1.1 Doors complying with 7.2.1 shall be permitted.
7.2.1.5.10.2 The releasing mechanism shall open the door leaf with not more than one releasing operation, unless otherwise specified in 7.2.1.5.10.3, 7.2.1.5.10.4, or 7.2.1.5.10.6.
7.2.1.5.10.6 Two releasing operations shall be permitted for existing hardware on a door leaf serving an area having an occupant load not exceeding three, provided that releasing does not require simultaneous operations.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>PREFIX</th>
<th>TAG</th>
<th>SUMMARY STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES</th>
<th>ID</th>
<th>PREFIX</th>
<th>TAG</th>
<th>PROVIDER'S PLAN OF CORRECTION</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>K918</td>
<td>SS=F</td>
<td>Electrical Systems - Essential Electric System</td>
<td>K918</td>
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<td>CFR(s): NFPA 101</td>
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<td>Electrical Systems - Essential Electric System Maintenance and Testing</td>
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<td>The generator or other alternate power source and associated equipment is capable of supplying service within 10 seconds. If the 10-second criterion is not met during the monthly test, a process shall be provided to annually confirm this capability for the life safety and critical branches. Maintenance and testing of the generator and transfer switches are performed in accordance with NFPA 110.</td>
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<td>Generator sets are inspected weekly, exercised under load 30 minutes 12 times a year in 20-40 day intervals, and exercised once every 36 months for 4 continuous hours. Scheduled test under load conditions include a complete simulated cold start and automatic or manual transfer of all EES loads, and are conducted by competent personnel. Maintenance and testing of stored energy power sources (Type 3 EES) are in accordance with NFPA 111. Main and feeder circuit breakers are inspected annually, and a program for periodically exercising the components is established according to manufacturer requirements. Written records of maintenance and testing are maintained and readily available. EES electrical panels and circuits are marked, readily identifiable, and separate from normal power circuits. Minimizing the possibility of damage of the emergency power source is a design consideration for new installations.</td>
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<td>6.4.4, 6.5.4, 6.6.4 (NFPA 99), NFPA 110, NFPA 111, 700.10 (NFPA 70)</td>
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<td>Based on record review and interview, the facility</td>
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Corrective Actions:
3 year, 4 hour load test completed on 3/23.
Identification of others affected and corrective actions:
No residents were affected by the failure to complete 3 year, 4 hour load test.
Measures to ensure that the deficient practice does not happen again:
Will put 3 year, 4 hour load test in TELS to be completed every 3 years.
Monitor corrective actions:
Test will be entered into TELS to be completed every 3 years.
Corrective Actions will be completed 3/25/18
failed to ensure the generator for the Essential Electrical System (EES) was maintained in accordance with NFPA 110. Failure to inspect and test EES generators could result in a lack of system reliability during a power loss. This deficient practice affected 86 residents, staff and visitors on the date of the survey.

Findings include:

During review of the facility generator inspection and testing records on March 5, 2018, from approximately 10:00 AM to 12:00 PM, the facility failed to provide a 3-year, 4-hour load test of the generator for the assigned class. When asked, the Maintenance Supervisor stated that the facility was unaware of the requirement for a 3-year, 4-hour load test.

Actual NFPA standard:

NFPA 110
8.4 Operational Inspection and Testing.
8.4.9* Level 1 EPSS shall be tested at least once within every 36 months.
8.4.9.1 Level 1 EPSS shall be tested continuously for the duration of its assigned class (see Section 4.2).
8.4.9.2 Where the assigned class is greater than 4 hours, it shall be permitted to terminate the test after 4 continuous hours.
8.4.9.3 The test shall be initiated by operating at least one transfer switch test function and then by operating the test function of all remaining ATSSs, or initiated by opening all switches or breakers supplying normal power to all ATSSs that are part of the EPSS being tested.
8.4.9.4 A power interruption to non-EPSS loads shall not be required.
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<th>K 918</th>
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<td>8.4.9.5</td>
<td>The minimum load for this test shall be as specified in 8.4.9.5.1, 8.4.9.5.2, or 8.4.9.5.3. 8.4.9.5.3 For spark-ignited EPSs, loading shall be the available EPSS load.</td>
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<tr>
<td>K 918</td>
<td>PROVIDER'S PLAN OF CORRECTION (EACH CORRECTIVE ACTION SHOULD BE CROSS-REFERENCED TO THE APPROPRIATE DEFICIENCY)</td>
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STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES AND PLAN OF CORRECTION

NAME OF PROVIDER OR SUPPLIER: MEADOW VIEW NURSING AND REHABILITATION

STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE: 46 NORTH MIDLAND BOULEVARD, NAMPA, ID 83651

Initial Comments

Unless otherwise indicated, the general use of the terms "facility" or "facilities" refers to all provider and suppliers affected by this regulation. This is a generic moniker used in lieu of the specific provider or supplier noted in the regulations.

The facility is a single story fully sprinklered structure of Type V (111) construction built in 1964. There is a partial basement area that houses the boiler room, maintenance shop and storage areas. The building is equipped with a fire alarm/smoke detection system installed in 1999. Some parts of the automatic sprinkler system were retrofitted in 1964 with subsequent additions to the system and some ordinary head replacement to quick response in 2009. An addition/remodel was completed in 2000 and a refurbish was completed in 2002. The facility is currently licensed for 112 SNF/NF beds, and had a census of 86 on the date of the survey.

The following deficiencies were cited during the Emergency Preparedness (EP) Survey conducted on March 5, 2018. The facility was surveyed under the Emergency Preparedness Rule established by CMS, in accordance with 42 CFR 483.73.

The survey was conducted by:

Linda Chaney
Health Facility Surveyor
Facility Fire Safety and Construction

Corrective Actions:

Table top discussion will be scheduled with disaster team as well as community based participants. Emergency training program will be completed and documented with staff. Community based drill will be scheduled to test efficacy of emergency plan.

Identification of others affected and corrective actions:

Complete tabletop exercise, staff training and community based drill.

Measures to ensure that the deficient practice does not happen again:

Annual training, community based drill and tabletop exercise will be entered into TELS to complete annually.

Monitor corrective actions:

Safety committee will review tabletop exercise, community based drill and employee education. TELS updated to include them.

Corrective Actions will be completed

Laboratory Director's or provider/supplier representative's signature

Any deficiency statement ending with an asterisk (*) denotes a deficiency which the institution may be excused from correcting providing it is determined that other safeguards provide sufficient protection to the patients. (See Instructions.) Except for nursing homes, the findings stated above are disclosable 90 days following the date of survey whether or not a plan of correction is provided. For nursing homes, the above findings and plans of correction are disclosable 14 days following the date these documents are made available to the facility. If deficiencies are cited, an approved plan of correction is requisite to continued program participation.
E 001 Continued From page 1

The [facility, except for Transplant Center] must comply with all applicable Federal, State and local emergency preparedness requirements. The [facility] must establish and maintain a comprehensive emergency preparedness program that meets the requirements of this section.* The emergency preparedness program must include, but not be limited to, the following elements:

* [For hospitals at §482.15:] The hospital must comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local emergency preparedness requirements. The hospital must develop and maintain a comprehensive emergency preparedness program that meets the requirements of this section, utilizing an all-hazards approach.

* [For CAHs at §485.625:] The CAH must comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local emergency preparedness requirements. The CAH must develop and maintain a comprehensive emergency preparedness program, utilizing an all-hazards approach. This REQUIREMENT is not met as evidenced by:

Based on record review and interview, the facility failed to establish and maintain a current, comprehensive Emergency Preparedness program which includes training and testing of the EP plan in accordance with 42 CFR 483.73. Failure to meet this standard has the potential to hinder facility response during an emergency which requires coordination and cooperation with local resources available. This deficient practice affected 86 residents, staff and visitors on the date of the survey.

Findings include:

E 001
**E 001 Continued From page 2**

On March 5, 2018, from 8:00 AM to 10:00 AM, review of the provided EP plan, revealed the facility had not documented any collaborative or cooperative efforts with local, regional, state or Federal EP officials. Additionally, the facility could not provide documentation that annual training on the EP plan had taken place, to include a full-scale community-based drill. When asked, the Administrator and Maintenance Supervisor stated the facility was currently working on the missing requirements and would be completing the training and testing soon.

a. Refer to E 0009 as it relates to a process for cooperation and collaboration with local, tribal, regional, State, and Federal Emergency Preparedness Officials' efforts to maintain an integrated response during a disaster.

b. Refer to E 0037 as it relates to the emergency training program and the staff knowledge of emergency procedures.

c. Refer to E 0039 as it relates to required annual exercises to test the emergency plan.

**CFR reference:**
42 CFR 483.73

**E 009 Local, State, Tribal Collaboration Process**

**SS=D CFR(s): 483.73(a)(4)**

"[(a) Emergency Plan. The [facility] must develop and maintain an emergency preparedness plan that must be reviewed, and updated at least annually. The plan must do the following:]"

(4) Include a process for cooperation and

**Corrective Actions:**
Reach out and maintain an integrated response to disasters with local, regional and state officials.

**Identification of others affected and corrective actions:**
Complete tabletop exercise with safety committee and community members to improve response and emergency plan.

**Measures to ensure that the deficient practice does not happen again:**
Enter tabletop exercise for annual completion. Safety committee will review for completion.

**Monitor corrective actions:**
Will enter exercise into TELS for completion. Safety committee will review for completion.

**Corrective Actions will be completed**
E 009 Continued From page 3

collaboration with local, tribal, regional, State, and Federal emergency preparedness officials' efforts to maintain an integrated response during a disaster or emergency situation, including documentation of the facility's efforts to contact such officials and, when applicable, of its participation in collaborative and cooperative planning efforts.

* [For ESRD facilities only at §494.62(a)(4)]: (4) Include a process for cooperation and collaboration with local, tribal, regional, State, and Federal emergency preparedness officials' efforts to maintain an integrated response during a disaster or emergency situation, including documentation of the dialysis facility's efforts to contact such officials and, when applicable, of its participation in collaborative and cooperative planning efforts. The dialysis facility must contact the local emergency preparedness agency at least annually to confirm that the agency is aware of the dialysis facility's needs in the event of an emergency.

This REQUIREMENT is not met as evidenced by:

Based on record review and interview, it was determined the facility had not implemented their collaboration policy by contacting other EP officials and emergency responders within the community to promote an integrated response to emergency events. This deficient practice affected 86 residents, staff and visitors on the date of the survey.

Findings include:

Review of the facility emergency plan on March 5, 2018, from approximately 8:00 AM to 10:00 AM, revealed the facility failed to collaborate with
STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES AND PLAN OF CORRECTION

(X1) PROVIDER/SUPPLIER/CUA IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: 135076

(X2) MULTIPLE CONSTRUCTION
A. BUILDING
B. WING

(X3) DATE SURVEY COMPLETED: 03/05/2018

NAME OF PROVIDER OR SUPPLIER
MEADOW VIEW NURSING AND REHABILITATION

STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE
46 NORTH MIDLAND BOULEVARD
NAMPA, ID 83651

(X4) ID PREFIX TAG
(X5) COMPLETION DATE

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES
(EACH DEFICIENCY MUST BE PRECEDED BY FULL REGULATORY OR LSC IDENTIFYING INFORMATION)

ID PREFIX TAG PROVIDER'S PLAN OF CORRECTION
(EACH CORRECTIVE ACTION SHOULD BE CROSS-REFERENCED TO THE APPROPRIATE DEFICIENCY)

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<th>ID</th>
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<th>CORRECTIVE ACTIONS</th>
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<td>E 009</td>
<td>Continued From page 4</td>
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<td>local, tribal, regional, State, and Federal officials to maintain an integrated response to disasters. When asked, the Administrator stated the facility had not yet reached out to any of these organizations or participated in any of the planning or training they provide.</td>
<td>Employee education completed and documented.</td>
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<tr>
<td>E 037</td>
<td>EP Training Program</td>
<td>SS=F CFR(s): 483.73(d)(1)</td>
<td>(1) Training program. The [facility, except CAHs, ASCs, PACE organizations, PRTFs, Hospices, and dialysis facilities] must do all of the following: (i) Initial training in emergency preparedness policies and procedures to all new and existing staff, individuals providing services under arrangement, and volunteers, consistent with their expected role. (ii) Provide emergency preparedness training at least annually. (iii) Maintain documentation of the training. (iv) Demonstrate staff knowledge of emergency procedures. [For Hospitals at §482.15(d) and RHCs/FQHCs at §491.12;] (1) Training program. The [Hospital or RHC/FQHC] must do all of the following: (i) Initial training in emergency preparedness policies and procedures to all new and existing staff, individuals providing on-site services under arrangement, and volunteers, consistent with their expected roles. (ii) Provide emergency preparedness training at least annually. (iii) Maintain documentation of the training. (iv) Demonstrate staff knowledge of emergency procedures.</td>
<td>Corrective Actions: Employee education completed and documented. Identification of others affected and corrective actions: All residents could have been affected. Education completed and documented. Measures to ensure that the deficient practice does not happen again: Complete and document training for all new and existing staff. Safety committee will review for completion. Monitor corrective actions: Safety committee will review documented completion of training for all staff. Corrective Actions will be completed</td>
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COMPLETION DATE: 5/4/18
E 037 Continued From page 5 procedures.

* [For Hospices at §418.113(d):] (1) Training. The hospice must do all of the following:
   (i) Initial training in emergency preparedness policies and procedures to all new and existing hospice employees, and individuals providing services under arrangement, consistent with their expected roles.
   (ii) Demonstrate staff knowledge of emergency procedures.
   (iii) Provide emergency preparedness training at least annually.
   (iv) Periodically review and rehearse its emergency preparedness plan with hospice employees (including nonemployee staff), with special emphasis placed on carrying out the procedures necessary to protect patients and others.

* [For PRTFs at §441.184(d):] (1) Training program. The PRTF must do all of the following:
   (i) Initial training in emergency preparedness policies and procedures to all new and existing staff, individuals providing services under arrangement, and volunteers, consistent with their expected roles.
   (ii) After initial training, provide emergency preparedness training at least annually.
   (iii) Demonstrate staff knowledge of emergency procedures.
   (iv) Maintain documentation of all emergency preparedness training.

* [For PACE at §460.84(d):] (1) The PACE organization must do all of the following:
   (i) Initial training in emergency preparedness policies and procedures to all new and existing
### Summary Statement of Deficiencies

**E 037** Continued From page 6

Staff, individuals providing on-site services under arrangement, contractors, participants, and volunteers, consistent with their expected roles.

- (ii) Provide emergency preparedness training at least annually.
- (iii) Demonstrate staff knowledge of emergency procedures, including informing participants of what to do, where to go, and whom to contact in case of an emergency.
- (iv) Maintain documentation of all training.

*For CORFs at §485.68(d):*

1. Training. The CORF must do all of the following:
   - (i) Provide initial training in emergency preparedness policies and procedures to all new and existing staff, individuals providing services under arrangement, and volunteers, consistent with their expected roles.
   - (ii) Provide emergency preparedness training at least annually.
   - (iii) Maintain documentation of the training.
   - (iv) Demonstrate staff knowledge of emergency procedures. All new personnel must be oriented and assigned specific responsibilities regarding the CORF's emergency plan within 2 weeks of their first workday. The training program must include instruction in the location and use of alarm systems and signals and firefighting equipment.

*For CAHs at §485.625(d):*

1. Training program. The CAH must do all of the following:
   - (i) Initial training in emergency preparedness policies and procedures, including prompt reporting and extinguishing of fires, protection, and where necessary, evacuation of patients, personnel, and guests, fire prevention, and cooperation with firefighting and disaster response.
E 037 Continued From page 7

authorities, to all new and existing staff,
individuals providing services under arrangement,
and volunteers, consistent with their expected
roles.

(ii) Provide emergency preparedness training at
least annually.

(iii) Maintain documentation of the training.

(iv) Demonstrate staff knowledge of emergency
procedures.

*For CMHCs at §485.920(d):] (1) Training. The
CMHC must provide initial training in emergency
preparedness policies and procedures to all new
and existing staff, individuals providing services
under arrangement, and volunteers, consistent
with their expected roles, and maintain
documentation of the training. The CMHC must
demonstrate staff knowledge of emergency
procedures. Thereafter, the CMHC must provide
emergency preparedness training at least
annually.

This REQUIREMENT is not met as evidenced
by:

Based on record review and interview, it was
determined the facility failed to implement an EP
training program. Failure to implement training on
the new EP plan, has the potential to hinder staff
response during a disaster. This deficient practice
affected 86 residents, staff and visitors on the
date of the survey.

Findings include:

On March 5, 2018, from 8:00 AM to 10:00 AM,
review of the facility EP documentation revealed a
written training plan, but there was no
documentation that annual training for all new
and existing staff, or individuals providing
MEADOW VIEW NURSING AND REHABILITATION

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES

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<tr>
<td>E 037</td>
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<td>Continued From page 8 services under arrangement had taken place. Interview of the Administrator confirmed the facility had not implemented their training program for EP.</td>
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<td>E 039</td>
<td>S=F</td>
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<td>EP Testing Requirements CFR(s): 483.73(d)(2) (2) Testing. The [facility, except for LTC facilities, RNHCl and OPOs] must conduct exercises to test the emergency plan at least annually. The [facility, except for RNHCl and OPOs] must do all of the following:</td>
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<td>*[For LTC Facilities at §483.73(d):] (2) Testing. The LTC facility must conduct exercises to test the emergency plan at least annually, including unannounced staff drills using the emergency procedures. The LTC facility must do all of the following:]</td>
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<td>(i) Participate in a full-scale exercise that is community-based or when a community-based exercise is not accessible, an individual, facility-based. If the [facility] experiences an actual natural or man-made emergency that requires activation of the emergency plan, the [facility] is exempt from engaging in a community-based or individual, facility-based full-scale exercise for 1 year following the onset of the actual event.</td>
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<td>(ii) Conduct an additional exercise that may include, but is not limited to the following:</td>
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<td>(A) A second full-scale exercise that is community-based or individual, facility-based.</td>
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Corrective Actions:
Complete full-scale exercise to test the EP. Complete tabletop exercise led by a facilitator, using a narrated, clinically-relevant emergency scenario, and a set of problem statements, directed messages, or prepared questions designed to challenge the emergency plan.
Identification of others affected and corrective actions:
All residents in the facility could have been affected. We will complete the tabletop exercise and community based full-scale drill.
Measures to ensure that the deficient practice does not happen again:
Tabletop and full-scale community based drill will be entered into TELS for annual completion. Safety committee will review for completion.
Monitor corrective actions:
Will be entered into TELS and safety committee will review for completion. Corrective Actions will be completed.
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(B) A tabletop exercise that includes a group discussion led by a facilitator, using a narrated, clinically-relevant emergency scenario, and a set of problem statements, directed messages, or prepared questions designed to challenge an emergency plan.

(iii) Analyze the [facility’s] response to and maintain documentation of all drills, tabletop exercises, and emergency events, and revise the [facility’s] emergency plan, as needed.

*For RNHCIs at §403.748 and OPOs at §486.360 (d)(2) Testing. The [RNHCI and OPO] must conduct exercises to test the emergency plan. The [RNHCI and OPO] must do the following:

(i) Conduct a paper-based, tabletop exercise at least annually. A tabletop exercise is a group discussion led by a facilitator, using a narrated, clinically relevant emergency scenario, and a set of problem statements, directed messages, or prepared questions designed to challenge an emergency plan.

(ii) Analyze the [RNHCI’s and OPO’s] response to and maintain documentation of all tabletop exercises, and emergency events, and revise the [RNHCI’s and OPO’s] emergency plan, as needed.

This REQUIREMENT is not met as evidenced by:

Based on record review and interview, it was determined the facility failed to implement an EP testing program. Failure to test the EP plan, has the potential to hinder staff response and emergency responders during a disaster. This deficient practice affected 86 residents, staff and visitors on the date of the survey.

Findings Include:
Review of the facility EP plan on March 5, 2018, from 8:00 AM to 10:00 AM, revealed a written EP testing program, however, there was no documentation that specific testing, to include an annual exercise on the EP plan had been conducted. When asked, the Administrator stated the facility had not yet participated in a community-based, full-scale exercise, or completed a facility-based exercise.

Reference:

42 CFR 483.73 (d) (2)